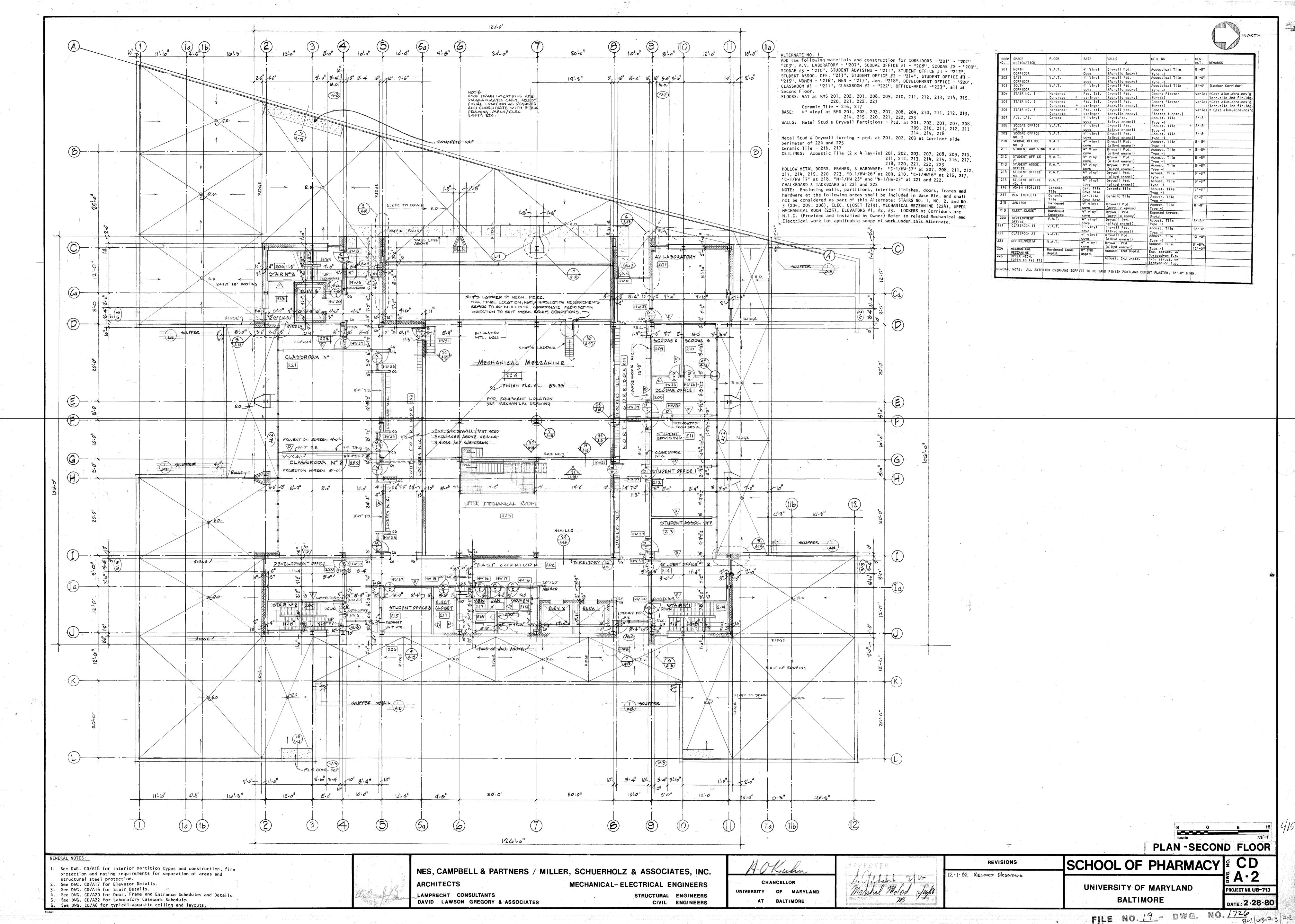
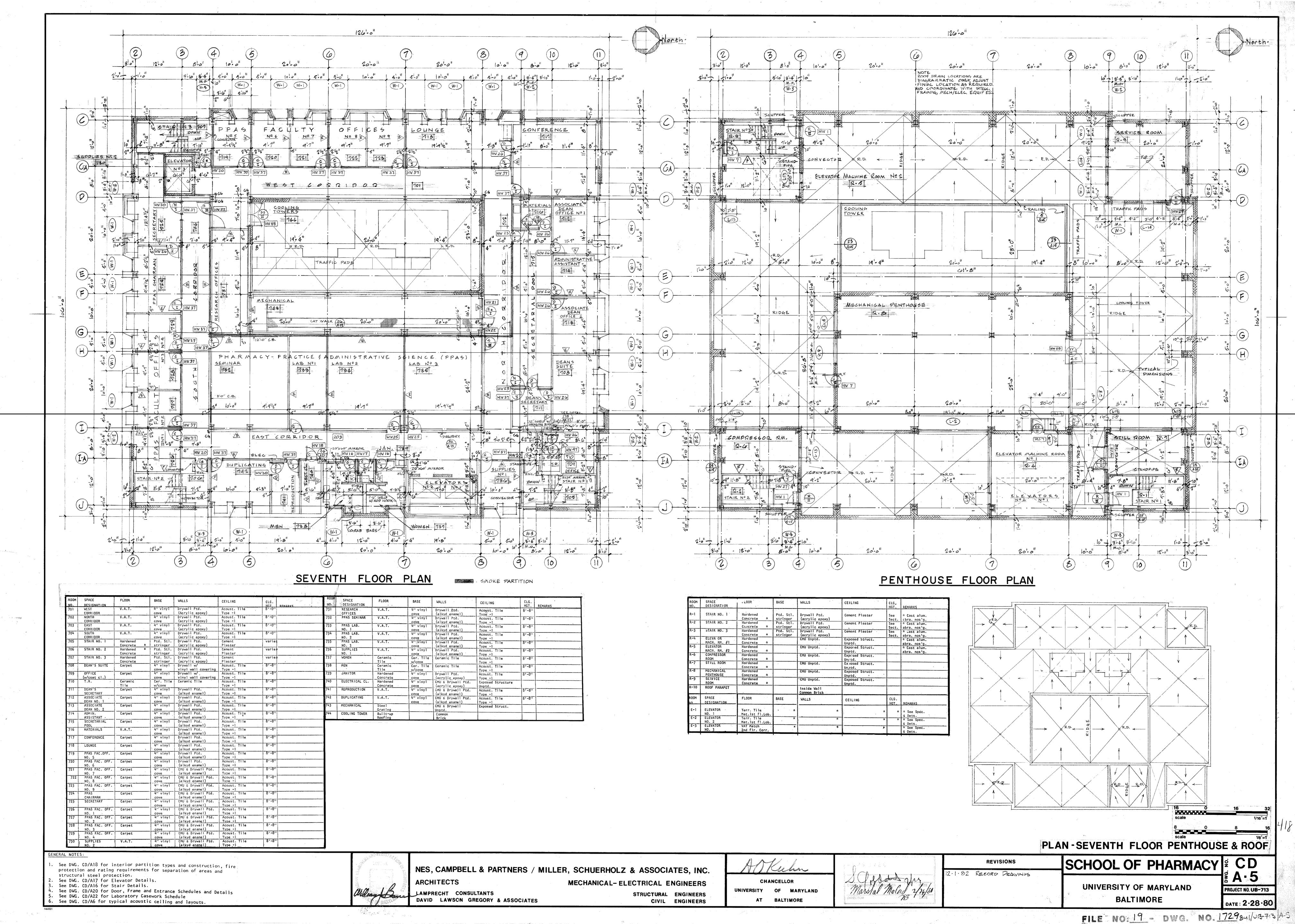
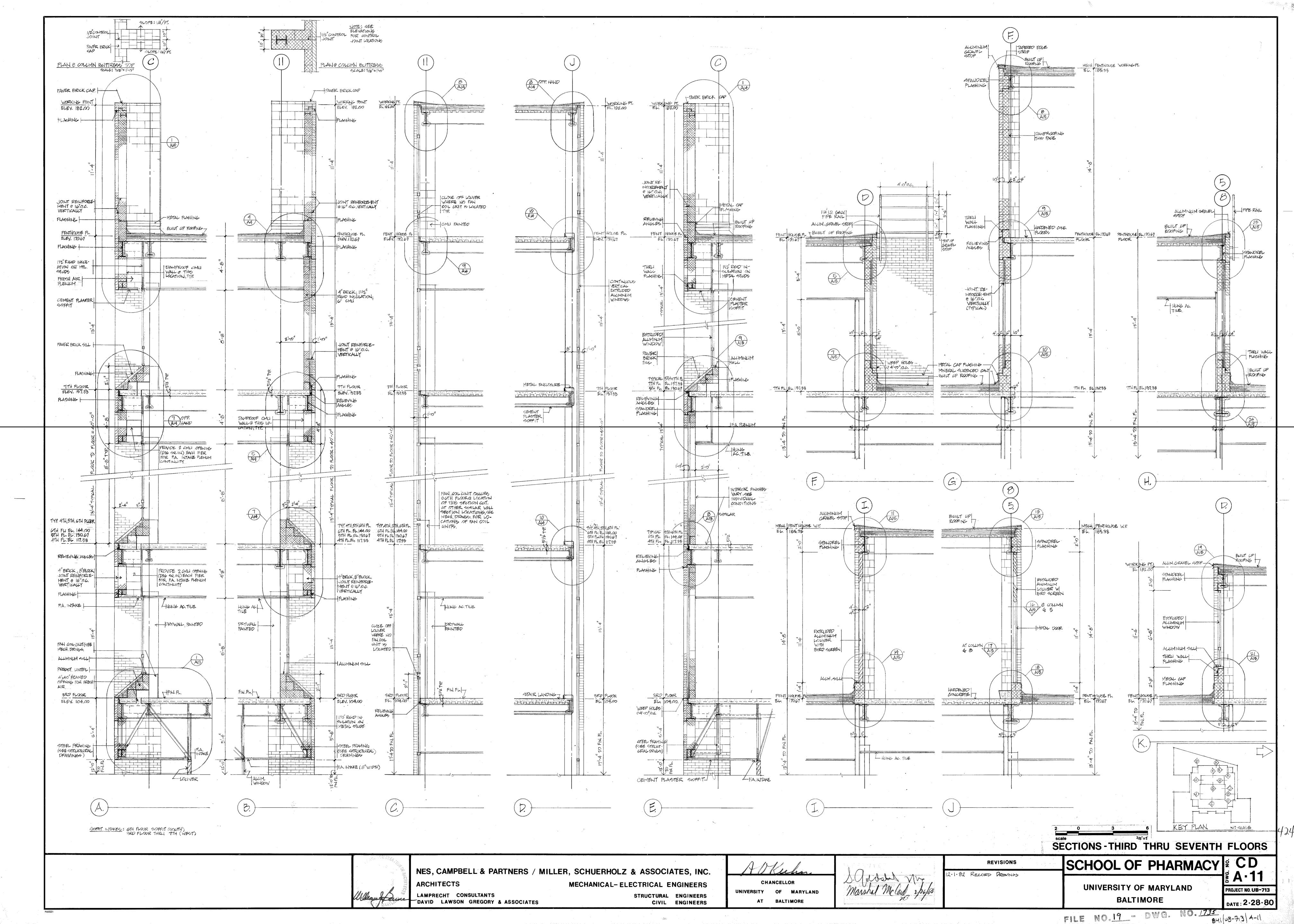
#### **School of Pharmacy (SOP) – South Documents:**

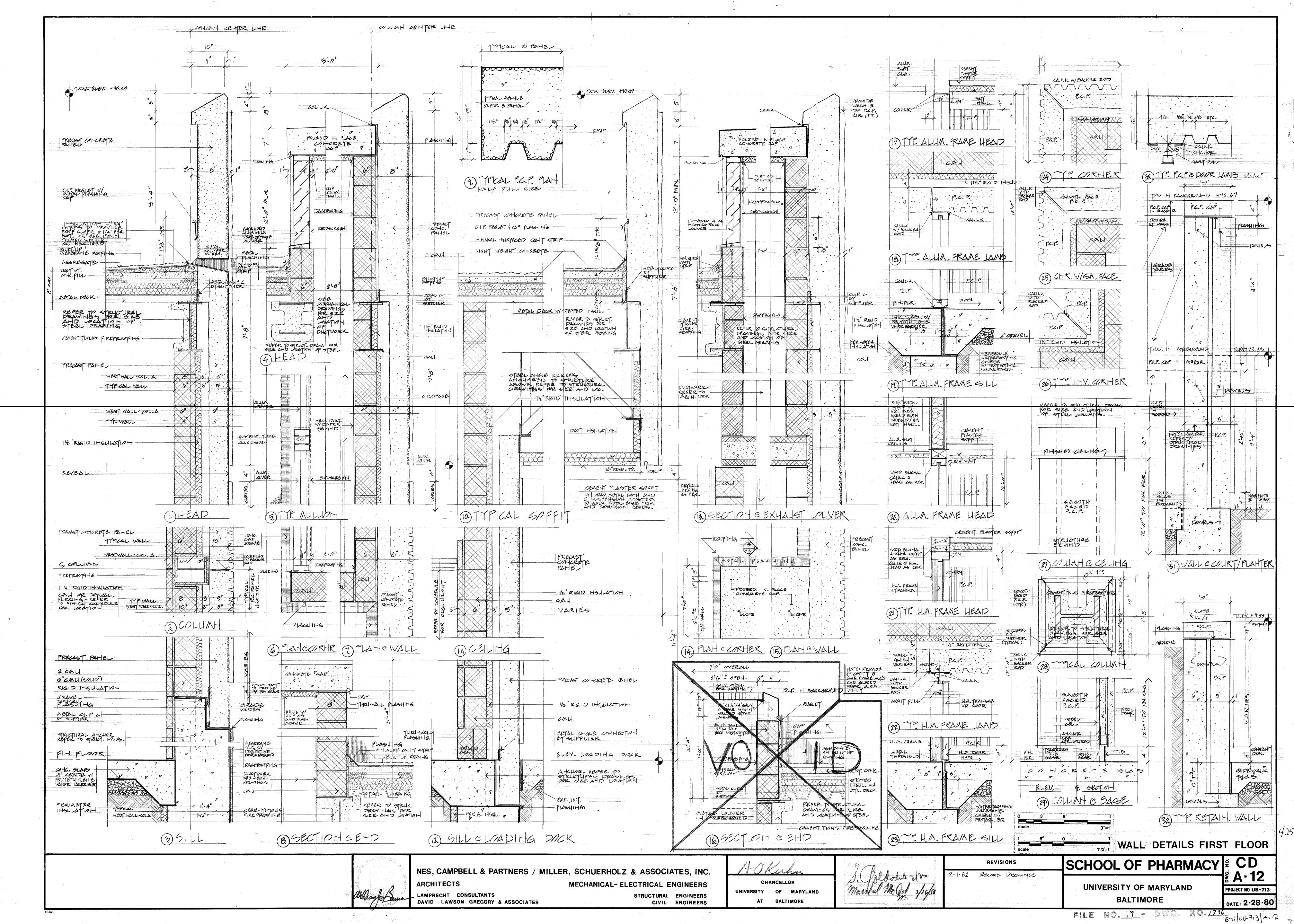
- A-2 Plan Second Floor;
- A-5 Plan Seventh Floor Penthouse & Roof;
- A-7 Exterior Elevations;
- A-11 Sections Third Thru Seventh Floors;
- A-12 Wall Details First Floor;
- A-14 Wall Detail Third Thru Seventh;
- A-15 Wall Details Penthouse & Roof Exterior Elevations Penthouse;
- A-19 Miscellaneous Details;
- SOP Asbestos Report Roof dated 7/2/19; and
- SOP Pullout Test Report
- Infrared Roof Inspection dated 9/25/2019

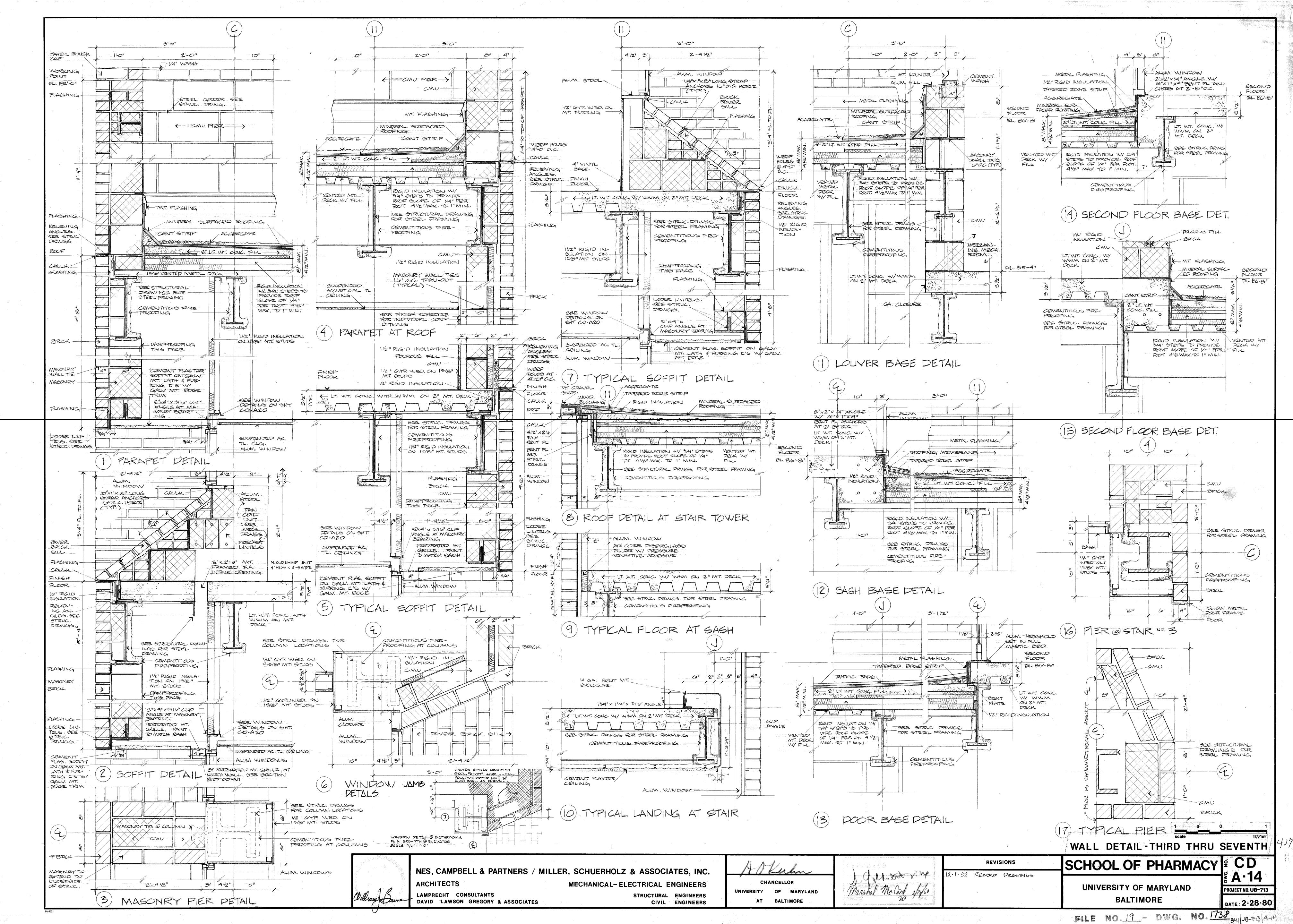


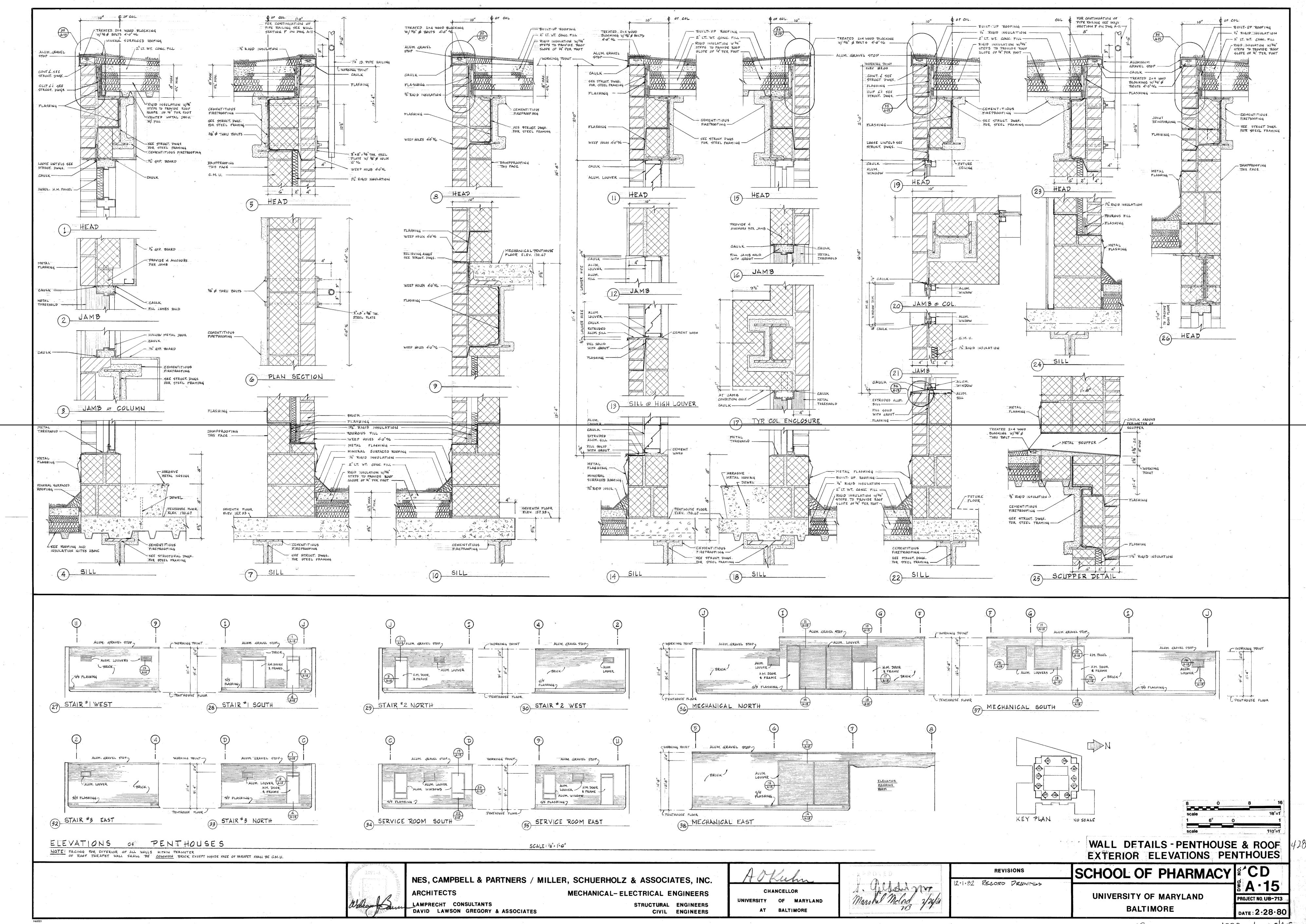




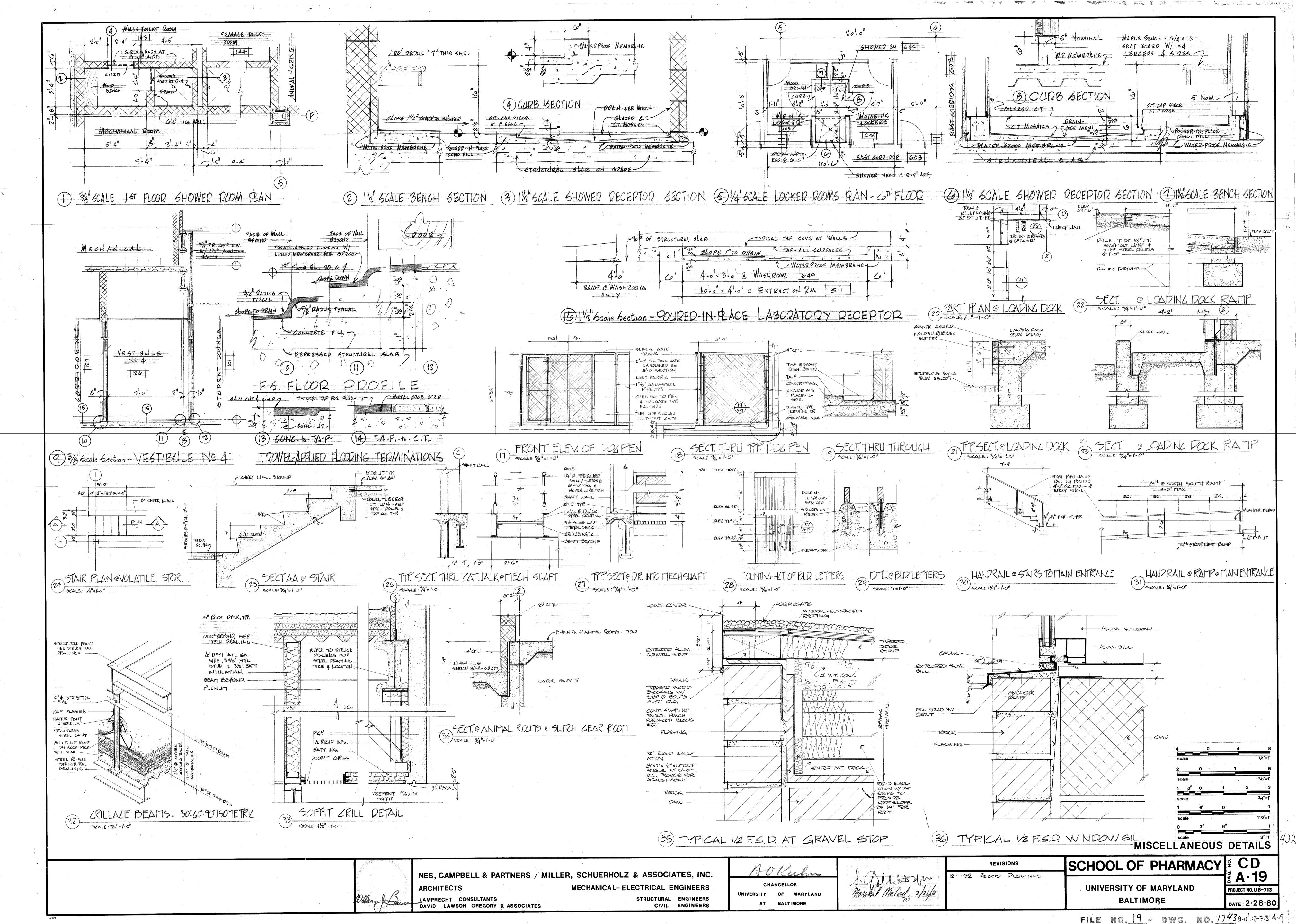








FILE NO 19 - DWG. NO. 1739 841 / 18-713 / 4-15



#### **Send Report To:** State of Maryland MDH - Laboratories Administration Steven Deck Division of Environmental Sciences Air Quality Laboratory 1770 Ashland Avenue 1620002 311 & Baltimore, Maryland 21205 Baltimore, MD2401 LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST **BULK ASBESTOS MICROSCOPIC ANALYSIS** Source & Nature of Sample: Old School of Pharmacy Upper Roof Submitted By: Stover Dock Phone No: 410-706-7055 PLM TEST RESULTS Analytical Method: EPA Methods 600/M4-82-020 and 600/R-93-116 Test Item Condition: Acceptable Sample Color: Black Area Percent (A%) Area Percent (A%) **Non-Asbestos Fibers Asbestos Fibers** Laver Laver Laver Layer Layer Layer Total Total 2 3 1 < 1 Organic Chrysotile **Synthetic** Amosite Glass Wool/Rock Wool Crocidolite Other Fibers Anthophyllite >99 **Non-Fibrous Particulate** Actinolite **Tremolite** Other Layer 1 TEM Analysis Recommended (Y/N) Layer 2 Layered (Y/N) Layer 3 Comments: engil report to sdeck or unary land edu

Analyst: \_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date Analyzed: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 7 | 12 | 19

Verifier: \_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date Analyzed: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 7 | 12 | 19

Lab Supervisor: \_\_\_\_\_\_ | Date Reported: \_\_\_\_\_\_ 7 | 15 | 19

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Phone: (443) 681-3763

Fax: (443) 681-4507

#### **Send Report To:** State of Maryland MDH - Laboratories Administration Steven Opch **Division of Environmental Sciences** Air Quality Laboratory 714 W. Lambard St. A620003 3112 1770 Ashland Avenue Baltimore, Maryland 21205 Baltinore MD 21201 Stamp Here LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST BULK ASBESTOS MICROSCOPIC ANALYSIS Source & Nature of Sample: Old School of Pharmacy M Lower Roof Phone No: 40-706-7055 Submitted By: Steven Occk **PLM TEST RESULTS** Analytical Method: EPA Methods 600/M4-82-020 and 600/R-93-116 Test Item Condition: Acceptable Sample Color: Black Area Percent (A%) Area Percent (A%) **Non-Asbestos Fibers Asbestos Fibers** Layer Layer Layer Layer Layer Layer Total **Total** < 1 **Organic** Chrysotile Synthetic Amosite Glass Wool/Rock Wool Crocidolite Other Fibers Anthophyllite 799 **Non-Fibrous Particulate Actinolite** Other **Tremolite** TEM Analysis Recommended (Y/N) Layer 1 Layer 2 Layered (Y/N) Layer 3

Comments: emq: | report to 5deck@umay land.edu

Analyst: | K. Heggle | Date Analyzed: 7/12/19

Verifier: | Date Analyzed: 7/12/19

Lab Supervisor: | Date Reported: 7/5/19

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Fax: (443) 681-4507



## Form A Pullout Test Report

(Refer to the **Standard Field Test Procedure for Determining the Withdrawal Resistance of Roofing Fasteners** for full documentation)

Job name: Pharmacy South									
Location: 20 North Pine Stre	Location: 20 North Pine Street - Baltimore, MD								
Test date: 11/1/2016		Ambient to	emperature: 55 °						
Roof area: sq. ft		Tester mfç	: DMD Force Measurement Systems						
Max. cap. of tester: 2,000 lbs		Select one	e: 🔳 lbf 🔲 kN						
Date of last calibration: 7/1/2016		Number o	f pulls recorded on Form B: 11						
Fastener tested: FM-290		Fastener r	manufacturer: ES Products/Trufast						
Fastener tested: #14 HD - 8"		Fastener r	nanufacturer: Trufast						
Fastener tested:		Fastener r	manufacturer:						
Test performed by: Ty Shedlesk	İ	,							
Witnessed by: Rick F.		Test cut a	reas repaired by: Tecta America						
Project type (select one):	construction	Tear off	Retrofit						
Deck type (select one):	I								
☐ Steel	Gauge:								
☐ Structural concrete	Thickness:		Select one:  Poured in place Precast						
Lightweight concrete	Thickness:								
☐ Insulating concrete	Thickness:								
☐ Cementious wood fiber	Thickness:								
■ Gypsum	Thickness: 3"		Select one: ■ Poured in place □ Precast						
□Wood	Thickness:		Select one: ☐ OSB ☐ Plywood ☐ Plank						
Fiberglass	Thickness:								
Other:	Thickness:								
Embedment or protrusion: 1.7" &	1"								
Drill bit diameter, where applicable:									
Optional Information									
Test time: Building	g height:	Thickness	of existing roof assembly:						
New system manufacturer:									
Roof cover type (select one):									
☐ Mechanically attached single-p	bly	☐ Modified	d bitumen						
☐ Ballasted single-ply		☐ Built-up roofing							
Adhered single-ply		Other:							
<b>New insulation:</b> Type:	Thickness:								

### Form B Pullout Test Report

#### Report all test results and units of measure.

#### **Conversion formulas**

 $lbf \times .00448222 = kN \times 224.8089431 = lbf$ 

<sup>1.</sup> 43 - FM-290	<sup>6.</sup> 726	<sup>11.</sup> 595	16.
<sup>2.</sup> 438	<sup>7.</sup> 495	12.	17.
<sup>3.</sup> 371	8. 444	13.	18.
<sup>4.</sup> 502	9.448	14.	19.
<sup>5.</sup> 611	<sup>10.</sup> 453	15.	20.

#### Pullout Results of Additional Tests Performed (See C4.5.)

21.	26.	31.	36.
22.	27.	32.	37.
23.	28.	33.	38.
24.	29.	34.	39.
25.	30.	35.	40.

#### Deviation from standard procedure authorized by:

#### Reason for deviation:

Pull #6 ha	Pull #6 had a thicker roofing assembly and required a 10" fastener to be used.						

Roof plan not to scale. Identify where the pullouts were performed with corresponding test number.



Comments			

**Disclaimer:** Manufacturer's installation requirements shall be followed when using any of the tested fasteners. Neither the technician performing the pullout tests not his/her company is responsible for the waterproofing integrity of the repairs. This test report does not certify the structural integrity of the roof deck.



## **NUCLEAR BACKSCATTER INSPECTION**

UMB School of Pharmacy

FOR:

University of Maryland-Baltimore Mr. Brent Waggoner

DATE:

September 25, 2019

BY:

Infrared Predictive Surveys, Inc. PO Box 224 Adamstown, MD 21710

> Phone: 301-831-1978 Toll Free: 800-869-3720 Fax: 301-874-2295



## **SYNOPSIS**

A Nuclear Backscatter survey was made at the UMB School of Pharmacy. Visual observations have been made and the data has been documented.

## INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of Brent Waggoner at the University of Maryland-Baltimore, for the specific application of the roofs at the UMB School of Pharmacy.

#### **Authorization**

Authorization to perform this evaluation, analysis and Nuclear Backscatter roof scan was in the form of a written agreement between Brent Waggoner at University of Maryland-Baltimore and Infrared Predictive Surveys Inc. (IPSI)

#### <u>Scope</u>

The scope of the roof survey included nuclear backscatter testing. Data from this survey has been incorporated into this final report.

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of the roof survey was to gain an overview of the condition of the roof areas.

#### General

Observations described in this report are based upon roof at the time of the survey and these conditions may change as the roof ages.

Infrared Predictive Surveys, Inc. warrants that these findings are published after being prepared in accordance with generally accepted practices of the construction industry. No other warranties are implied or expressed.



## TEST INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION

(Only testing that has been completed during your survey will be checked.)

## ☐ Infrared Testing

The infrared roof survey locates moisture in a roof by seeking areas of increased surface temperature. Roof areas that contain moisture have higher thermal conductivity and capacitance than dry areas. During the heating season, heat from the building interior is lost at a greater rate through wet roof areas and their surface temperatures are elevated. Alternatively, during the cooling season, solar heat is absorbed into the wet area, and then retained for hours after the sun sets.

When viewed through the infrared imager, wet areas appear as brighter, lighter tones of gray in black-and-white images. Alternatively, in color images, wet areas will appear as hotter colors. A color scale appears at the side of color images. As colors progress upward, temperatures increase. In general, the higher the concentration of water, the higher the surface temperatures.

Because higher surface temperatures, and consequently hotter colors, may be produced by several phenomena not related to moisture intrusion, tests are made to verify the findings of the infrared inspection using destructive testing (core cuts) and other non-destructive tests (capacitance & nuclear). Wet areas found by infrared testing are illustrated with thermograms (photographs of infrared images).

## Capacitance Verification (Hand Held Tramex Meter)

The Tramex capacitance meter is a mobile device that is used for detecting relative moisture content of roof areas. This non-destructive testing method is often combined with nuclear and thermal testing and/or moisture intrusion testing to accurately identify water entry pathways and areas of entrapped water. The Tramex moisture meter is designed for testing built up roofing and non-conductive single ply membrane. It provides instantaneous, clear indications of roof conditions and is able to detect as little as 2% excess moisture in roofing systems.



## Core Sampling

Core samples consist of cuts through the roof membrane. The sample provides an absolute test of moisture content and location. The core cut also permits the constituents of the roof system, and their condition, to be determined. Core sample may be weighed, dried and reweighed to provide a quantitative measure of moisture content.

A cut is made into the roof with a two inch (2") circumference roof sampling tool. The repaired core cuts are made with an appropriate material.

#### 

A radioactive isotope consisting of Americium-241 with a Beryllium target is utilized. The measurement method relies on the thermalization (slowing) of fast neutrons by the hydrogen atoms in water. Since other Hydrogen bearing materials also thermalize neutrons, a measurement survey is necessary to establish a relative base level before an analysis can be performed.

## **EQUIPMENT USED**

	The qualitative infrared scan was conducted by a certified thermographer using a Mikron 7515 uncooled infrared imager. Lens for the Mikron was 29 degree FOV, 320 X 240 array with 7.5-13 spectral response. Temperature sensitivity is .1 degree C with accuracy of 2%.
	Inframetrics-ThermaCAM PM390. Temperature sensitivity is <0.1 degree C with a spectral response of 3.4 to 5 µm and a focal array of 256 x 256.
	FLIR PM390 Mid-wave camera.
	The qualitative infrared scan was conducted by a certified thermographer using a Mikron 7600 Pro. Lens was a 21-degree FOV lens, 320 X 240 focal plane array with 7.5-13 spectral response. Temperature sensitivity is .1 degree C with accuracy of 2%.
X	Troxler 3210 Nuclear Moisture Gauge



## FIELD SURVEY METHODS

#### Visual Observations

Visual observations were made by Infrared Predictive Surveys, Inc. (IPSI) personnel. These observations included roofing structure, roof drainage, roof surface conditions and other accessory items.

#### Photographic Documentation

Photographs were made by IPSI personnel. While these photographs were not intended to provide a complete record of the roof, they do provide a visual description of typical roof conditions or selected problem areas.

## PROJECT IDENTIFICATION

#### **Project Location**

20 N. Pine St., Baltimore, MD 21201

## NUCLEAR BACKSCATTER ROOF SCAN

Date of Scan: September 4, 2019

This scan was performed in conjunction with the visual roof survey conducted the same day. The purpose of this scan was to locate areas of suspected subsurface moisture and determine the extent of the moisture migration.

#### **Environmental Conditions**

September 4, 2019-Maximum daytime temperature: 95°F.



## FINDINGS AND RESULTS

Roof designations (A-I) were made by IPSI personnel for reporting purposes only. Core sampling was declined by the client.

#### Roof A

• Eight (8) suspected wet areas were found on this roof section.

#### Roof B

• One (1) suspected wet area was found on this roof section.

#### Roof C

• Three (3) suspected wet areas were found on this roof section.

#### Roof D

• Two (2) suspected wet areas were found on this roof section.

#### Roof E

• Two (2) suspected wet areas were found on this roof section.

#### Roof F

• Two (2) suspected wet areas were found on this roof section.

#### Roof G

No thermal anomalies were noted on this roof section.

#### Roof H

• One (1) suspected wet area was found on this roof section.

#### Roof I

• Nine (9) suspected wet areas were found on this roof section.



Core sampling was not allowed, but it is recommended to verify findings, especially near edges with high readings. These could be due to moisture, but can also be caused by a build-up of roofing materials in these areas.



If additional information is required, please do not hesitate to contact me. Thank you again for giving us the opportunity to provide our services.

Sincerely,

### Joseph Fitzpatrick

Infrared Predictive Surveys, Inc. PO Box 224 Adamstown, MD 21710

Phone: 301-831-1978 Toll-Free: 800-869-3720 Fax: 301-874-2295

E-mail: joe@infraredpsi.com
Website: www.InfraredPSI.com



## **APPENDIX**

- Digital Photographs
- CAD Drawing



School of Pharmacy Building



Pharmacy Roof A-East neck, looking East



Pharmacy Roof A-East side, looking South



Pharmacy Roof A-South side, looking West



Pharmacy Roof A-West side, looking South



Pharmacy Roof B-Looking South



Pharmacy Roof C-Looking East



Pharmacy Roof D-Looking South



Pharmacy Roof E-Looking South



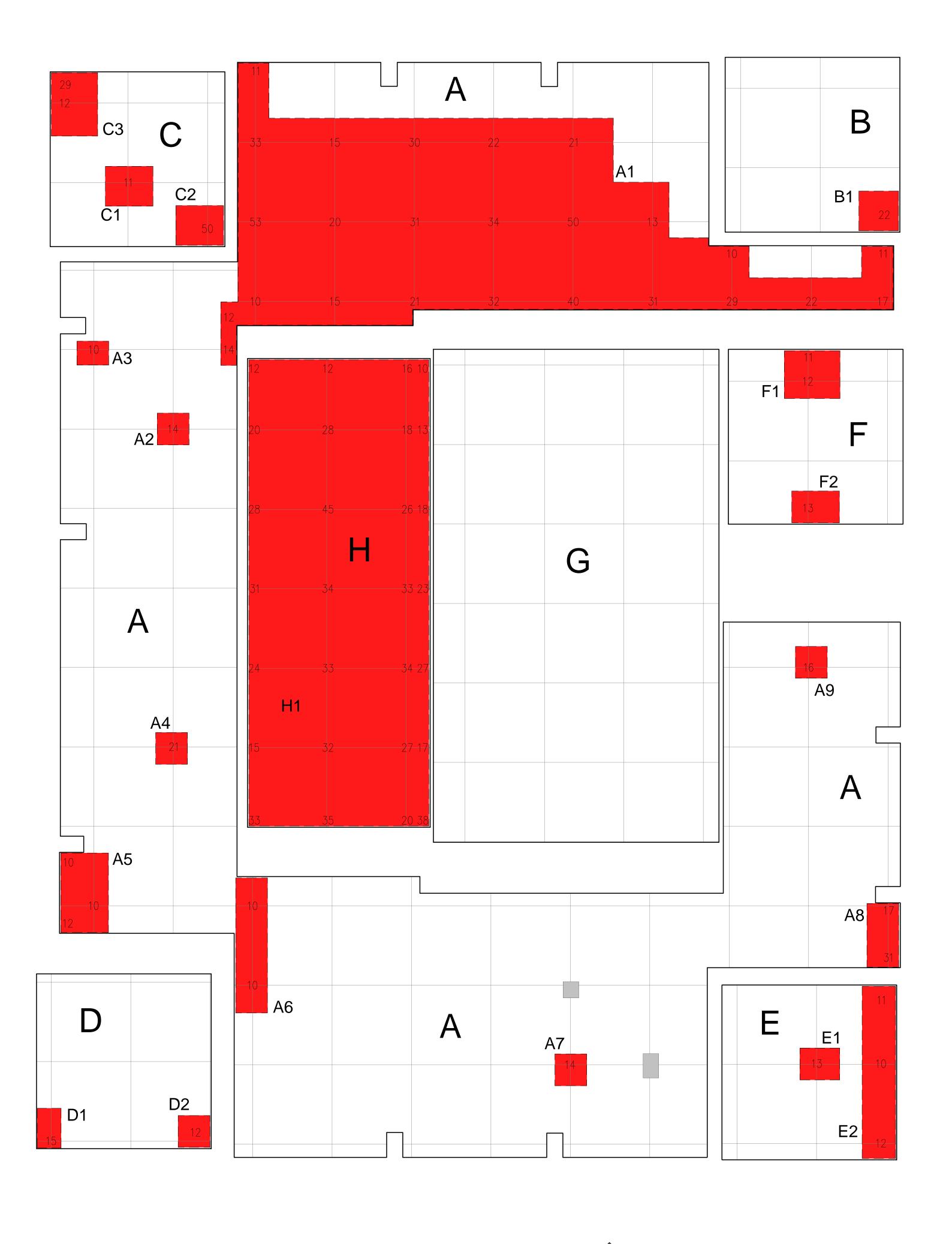
Pharmacy Roof F-Looking South



Pharmacy Roof G-LookingSouth



Pharmacy Roof H-Looking South



## SCAN NOTES:

- GRAY ROOF INDICATES AREA NOT SCANNED
- SUSPECTED MOISTURE AREAS SHADED RED
- NUCLEAR READINGS TAKEN ON A 10' x 10' GRID
- CC# = CORE CUT NUMBER, P# = PROBE NUMBER
  DATE OF SCAN : 09.04.19





'^	'A' TOTAL SUSPECTED WET SQ FT =1730									
AREA	Ç	SIZI	Ξ	SQ FT	NOTES					
A1	84	X	33	1510	*SEE DRAWING					
A2	4	X	4	16	_					
А3	4	X	3	12	_					
Α4	4	X	4	16	_					
A5	6	X	10	60	_					
A6	4	X	17	68						
Α7	4	X	4	16	_					
A8	4	×	8	32						

'B' TOTAL SUSPECTED WET SQ FT = 25									
AREA	SIZE		SQ FT	NOTES					
В1	5	X	5	25	_				

'C	'C' TOTAL SUSPECTED WET SQ FT =108										
AREA	SIZE			SQ FT	NOTES						
C1	6	X	5	30	_						
C2	6	X	5	30	_						
С3	6	×	8	48	_						

'D' TOTAL SUSPECTED WET SQ FT = 31									
AREA	SIZE		SQ FT	NOTES					
D1	3	X	5	15	_				
D2	4	×	4	16	_				

_

'F' TOTAL SUSPECTED WET SQ FT = 66								
AREA	SIZE		SQ FT	NOTES				
F1	7	X	6	42	_			
F2	6	×	4	24				

'H' TOTAL SUSPECTED WET SQ FT =1357					
AREA	SIZE		SQ FT	NOTES	
H1	23	×	59	1357	_

# **UNIVERSITY OF** MARYLAND-BALTIMORE

SCHOOL OF PHARMACY 20 N. PINE ST. BALTIMORE, MD 21201

BUILDING ROOF - MOISTURE SCAN



